

**RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS
OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL
HEARINGS SECTION**

**OIL AND GAS DOCKET
NO. 10-0262512**

**IN THE ALLEN-PARKER (MARMATON)
FIELD, LIPSCOMB AND OCHILTREE
COUNTIES, TEXAS**

**FINAL ORDER
CONSOLIDATING THE CREST (DES MOINES) FIELD
INTO THE ALLEN-PARKER (MARMATON) FIELD
AND RESCINDING AND ADOPTING FIELD RULES
FOR THE ALLEN-PARKER (MARMATON) FIELD
LIPSCOMB AND OCHILTREE COUNTIES, TEXAS**

The Commission finds that after statutory notice in the above-numbered docket heard on August 14, 2009, the presiding examiner has made and filed a report and recommendation containing findings of fact and conclusions of law, for which service was not required; that the proposed application is in compliance with all statutory requirements; and that this proceeding was duly submitted to the Railroad Commission of Texas at conference held in its offices in Austin, Texas.

The Commission, after review and due consideration of the examiner's report and recommendation, the findings of fact and conclusions of law contained therein, hereby adopts as its own the findings of fact and conclusions of law contained therein, and incorporates said findings of fact and conclusions of law as if fully set out and separately stated herein.

Therefore, it is **ORDERED** by the Railroad Commission of Texas that the Crest (Des Moines) Field (ID No. 21694 500) is consolidated into the Allen-Parker (Marmaton) Field (ID No. 01685 500), Lipscomb and Ochiltree Counties, Texas.

It is further **ORDERED** that Field Rules for the Allen-Parker (Marmaton) Field adopted in Order No. 10-57,971, effective November 6, 1967, are hereby rescinded. It is further **ORDERED** that the following Field Rules are hereby adopted for the Allen-Parker (Marmaton) Field, Lipscomb and Ochiltree Counties, Texas:

RULE 1: The entire correlative interval from 6,743 feet to 7,377 feet as shown on the log of the Falcon Petroleum Company - Crum Lease, Well No. 1-138 (API No. 42-357-31750), Ochiltree County, Texas, shall be designated as a single reservoir for proration purposes and be designated as the Allen-Parker (Marmaton) Field.

RULE 2: No well for oil or gas shall hereafter be drilled nearer than THREE HUNDRED THIRTY (330) feet to any property line, lease line or subdivision line and no well shall be drilled nearer than NINE HUNDRED THIRTY THREE (933) feet to any other

applied for, permitted or completed well in the same reservoir on the same lease, pooled unit or unitized tract. The aforementioned distances in the above rule are minimum distances to allow an operator flexibility in locating a well, and the above spacing rule and the other rules to follow are for the purpose of permitting only one well to each drilling and proration unit in either field. Provided however, that the Commission will grant exceptions to permit drilling within shorter distances and drilling more wells than herein prescribed whenever the Commission shall have determined that such exceptions are necessary either to prevent waste or to prevent the confiscation of property. When exception to these rules is desired, application therefore shall be filed and will be acted upon in accordance with the provisions of Commission Statewide Rules 37 and 38, which applicable provisions of said rules are incorporated herein by reference.

In applying this rule, the general order of the Commission with relation to the subdivision of property shall be observed.

Provided, however, that for purposes of spacing for horizontal wells, the following shall apply:

- a. A take point in a horizontal drainhole well is any point along a horizontal drainhole where oil and/or gas can be produced into the wellbore from the reservoir/field interval. The first take point may be at a different location than the penetration point and the last take point may be at a location different than the terminus point.
- b. All take points in a horizontal drainhole well shall be a minimum of THREE HUNDRED THIRTY (330) feet from the property line, lease line, or subdivision line. A permit or an amended permit is required for any take point closer to the lease line than the lease line spacing distance, including any perforations added in the vertical portion or the curve of a horizontal drainhole well.
- c. All take points in a horizontal drainhole well shall be a minimum distance of NINE HUNDRED THIRTY THREE (933) feet from take points in any existing, permitted, or applied for horizontal drainhole well on the same lease, unit or unitized tract, provided that this restriction on spacing between wells shall not apply to horizontal drainhole wells that are parallel or subparallel and do not overlap more than ONE HUNDRED (100) feet.

In addition to the penetration point and the terminus of the wellbore required to be identified on the drilling permit application (Form W-1H) and plat, the first and last take points must also be identified on the drilling permit application (remarks section) and plat. Operators shall file an as-drilled plat showing the path, penetration point, terminus and the first and last take points of all drainholes in horizontal wells, regardless of allocation formula.

For the purpose of assigning additional acreage to a horizontal well, the distance from the first take point to the last take point in the horizontal drainhole shall be used in such determination, in lieu of the distance from penetration point to terminus.

RULE 3: The acreage assigned to an individual oil or gas well shall be known as a proration unit. The standard drilling and proration units are established hereby to be ONE HUNDRED SIXTY (160) acres. No proration unit shall consist of more than ONE HUNDRED SIXTY (160) acres except as hereinafter provided. The two farthestmost points in any proration unit shall not be in excess of FOUR THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED (4,500) feet removed from each other; provided however, that in the case of long and narrow leases or in cases where because of the shape of the lease such is necessary to permit the utilization of tolerance acreage, the Commission may after proper showing grant exceptions to the limitations as to the shape of proration units as herein contained. All proration units shall consist of continuous and contiguous acreage which can reasonably be considered to be productive of oil. No double assignment of acreage will be accepted.

If after the drilling of the last well on any lease and the assignment of acreage to each well thereon in accordance with the regulations of the Commission there remains an additional unassigned acreage of less than ONE HUNDRED SIXTY (160) acres, then and in such event the remaining unassigned acreage up to and including a total of FORTY (40) acres may be assigned as tolerance acreage to the last well drilled on such lease, or may be distributed among any group of wells located thereon so long as the proration units resulting from the inclusion of such additional acreage meet the limitations prescribed by the Commission.

Notwithstanding the above, the acreage assigned to a well which has been drilled as a horizontal drainhole may contain more than ONE HUNDRED SIXTY (160) acres, providing that the following formula is utilized to determine the proper assignment of acreage:

$$A = (L \times 0.22) + 160 \text{ acres}$$

Where: A = calculated acreage assignable, if available, to a horizontal drainhole for proration purposes rounded upward to the next whole number evenly divisible by 40 acres;
L = the horizontal drainhole distance measured in feet between the first take point and the last take point within the Marmaton formation.

The two farthestmost points in any horizontal drainhole well proration unit shall be determined by the formula:

$$\text{Maximum Diagonal} = 475.933 \sqrt{A}$$

A horizontal well may be developed with more than one horizontal drainhole from a single wellbore. A horizontal drainhole well developed with more than one horizontal drainhole shall be treated as a single well. The horizontal drainhole displacement (L) used for determining the proration unit assignable acreage (A) for a well with multiple horizontal drainholes shall be the longest horizontal drainhole length plus the perpendicular projection, of the longest horizontal drainhole drilled in a direction greater than 90 degrees, on a line that extends in a 180 degree direction from the longest horizontal drainhole.

Operators shall file with the Commission certified plats of their properties in said field, which plats shall set out distinctly all of those things pertinent to the determination of the acreage credit claimed for each well; provided that if the acreage assigned to any proration unit has been pooled, the operator shall furnish the Commission with such proof as it may require as evidence that interests in and under such proration unit have been so pooled.

RULE 4: The maximum daily oil allowable for a well in the field shall be determined by multiplying 331 barrels of oil per day by a fraction, the numerator of which is the acreage assigned to the well for proration purposes and the denominator of which is the maximum acreage authorized by these field rules for a vertical well for proration purposes, exclusive of tolerance acreage. The daily oil allowable for a well in the field shall be adjusted in accordance with Statewide Rule 49(a) when applicable.

Wells in the Crest (Des Moines) Field shall be transferred into the Allen-Parker (Marmaton) Field without requiring new drilling permits.

Done this 22nd day of October, 2009.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

**(Order approved and signatures affixed by
OGC Unprotested Master Order dated
October 22, 2009)**