





Railroad Commission of Texas

Rule 3.66 Weather Emergency Preparedness Standards

Office of General Counsel













Introduction (1 of 2)



- Required by Senate Bill 3
- Senate Bill 3 required the RRC to adopt rules no later than 6 months following the production of the Texas Electricity Supply Chain Security and Mapping Committee map
- The map was adopted early; therefore Rule 3.66 was adopted early

Introduction (2 of 2)



- Electricity Supply Chain Map was adopted on April 29, 2022
 - RRC had until October 29, 2022, to adopt weatherization rule
- Proposed on June 28, 2022
- Adopted on August 30, 2022
- Effective on September 19, 2022
- Facilities subject to the rule must implement rule requirements no later than December 1, 2022

Rule 3.66 applies to individual facilities

 Gas Supply Chain Facilities; and
 Gas Pipeline Facilities

 An operator under the RRC's jurisdiction may have only a portion of its total facilities subject to Rule 3.66





Gas Supply Chain Facility

- 1. Included on the Electricity Supply Chain Map; and
- 2. Designated as critical in Rule 3.65 (relating to *Critical Designation of Natural Gas Infrastructure*)



Gas Pipeline Facility

- Directly serves a natural gas electric generation facility operating solely to provide power to the electric grid for the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) power region or for the ERCOT power region and an adjacent power region; and
- Included on the Electricity Supply Chain Map

(c) Preparedness Standards (1 of 13)



- By December 1 of each year, an operator of a facility must implement weather emergency preparation measures intended to:
 - 1. Ensure sustained operations during a weather emergency; and
 - 2. Correct weather-related forced stoppages that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies

(c) Preparedness Standards (2 of 13)



- By December 1 of each year, an operator of a facility must implement weather emergency preparation measures intended to:
 - Ensure <u>sustained operations</u> during a weather emergency; and
 - 2. Correct weather-related forced stoppages that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies

(c) Preparedness Standards (3 of 13)



- Sustained Operations
 - Safe operation of a gas pipeline facility or a gas supply chain facility such that the facility does not experience a major weather-related forced stoppage or weather-related forced stoppage in production, treating, processing, storage, or transportation of natural gas.

(c) Preparedness Standards (4 of 13)



- By December 1 of each year, an operator of a facility must implement weather emergency preparation measures intended to:
 - Ensure sustained operations during a weather emergency; and
 - 2. Correct weather-related forced stoppages that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies

(c) Preparedness Standards (5 of 13)



- Weather Emergency
 - Weather conditions such as freezing temperatures, freezing precipitation, or extreme heat in the facility's county or counties that result in an energy emergency as defined by §3.65
 - A weather emergency does not include weather conditions that cannot be reasonably mitigated such as tornadoes, floods, or hurricanes

(c) Preparedness Standards (6 of 13)



- Weather Emergency
 - Energy Emergency is defined in Rule 3.65 as a firm load shed event
 - Rule 3.65 is currently proposed for amendments, including amendments proposed to broaden the definition of "Energy Emergency"
 - Comments due October 7, 2022

(c) Preparedness Standards (7 of 13)



- By December 1 of each year, an operator of a facility must implement weather emergency preparation measures intended to:
 - 1. Ensure sustained operations during a weather emergency; and
 - 2. Correct <u>weather-related forced stoppages</u> that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies

(c) Preparedness Standards (8 of 13)



- Weather Related Forced Stoppage
 - An unanticipated and/or unplanned outage in the production, treating, processing, storage, or transportation of natural gas that is caused by weather conditions such as freezing temperatures, freezing precipitation, or extreme heat and occurs during a weather emergency

(c) Preparedness Standards (9 of 13)



- Major Weather-Related Forced Stoppage
 - A weather-related forced stoppage that is the result of the deliberate disregard of this section or that results in:
 - A. a loss of <u>production</u> exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per oil lease;
 - B. a loss of <u>production</u> exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per gas well;
 - C. a loss of gas <u>processing</u> capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day;
 - D. a loss of <u>storage</u> withdrawal capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day; or
 - E. a loss of <u>transportation</u> capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day

(c) Preparedness Standards (10 of 13)



- By December 1 of each year, an operator of a facility must implement <u>weather</u> <u>emergency preparation measures</u> intended to:
 - 1. Ensure sustained operations during a weather emergency; and
 - 2. Correct weather-related forced stoppages that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies

(c) Preparedness Standards (11 of 13)



- Preparation Measures
- Training relevant personnel on weather emergency preparation and operation
- Consideration of the risk to the health and safety of employees
- Consideration of protection of the environment
- Weatherization of the facility

(c) Preparedness Standards (12 of 13)



- Preparation Measures
 - <u>Weatherization</u> using methods a reasonably prudent operator would take given
 - the type of facility,
 - the age of the facility,
 - the facility's critical components,
 - the facility's location, and
 - weather data for the facility's county or counties such as data developed for the Commission by the state climatologist

(c) Preparedness Standards (13 of 13)



• Weatherization

- The iterative cycle of preparedness for sustained operation during weather emergencies that includes:

(A) correcting critical component failures that occurred during previous weather emergencies;

(B) installing equipment to mitigate weather-related operational risks; and

(C) internal inspection, self-assessment, and implementation of processes to identify, test, and protect critical components.

(d) Weather Readiness Attestation



- By December 1 of each year, an operator shall submit the Weather Emergency Readiness Attestation.
- Attestation must:
 - Meet certification/signatory requirements
 - Include an attachment describing all activities engaged in by the operator to implement the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, including a description of the weatherization methods utilized by the operator to weatherize each type of facility

(e) Inspections (1 of 2)



- RRC will inspect facilities to ensure compliance with Rule 3.66
- Will prioritize inspections of oil leases and gas wells producing greater than 5,000 Mcf per day of natural gas and facilities storing, processing, or transporting greater than 200 MMcf per day of natural gas
- Further prioritization in descending order in accordance with a facility's production volume or storage, processing, or transportation capacity

(e) Inspections (2 of 2)



- Two types of inspections:
 - Inspections for preparedness based on Attestation
 - Weather Related-Forced Stoppages inspections

(f) Notifications (1 of 3)



- Operators of facilities subject to 3.66 must immediately notify the RRC through the <u>Critical Infrastructure online portal of</u>:
 - 1. Weather-related forced stoppages that are not resolved within 24 hours
 - 2. Forced stoppages due to loss of electric power that are not resolved within 24 hours

(f) Notifications (2 of 3)



- Must call the RRC's <u>Critical Infrastructure</u> <u>telephone number</u> within 1 hour of discovery:
 - 1. Major weather-related forced stoppages
 - 2. Major stoppages that are due to loss of electric power



- Repeated or major weather-related forced stoppages may result in the requirement for an operator to contract with a "qualified person" to assess the operator's weather emergency preparedness
- Operator required to submit the qualified person's written assessment and a corrective action plan



- Per Senate Bill 3, enforcement mechanisms are different depending on the type of facility
- However, enforcement for all types of facilities will utilize the same penalty classification table



- Gas Supply Chain Facilities
 - RRC will pursue administrative violations of the rule for <u>adjudication</u> only
 - After an order finding a violation of Rule 3.66 has been entered by RRC, RRC will refer violation to the Office of the Attorney General
 - Office of Attorney General will file suit for collection of penalties utilizing Rule 3.66's penalty classification table

(g) Enforcement (3 of 3)



- Gas Pipeline Facilities
 - RRC has administrative penalty authority
 - RRC will adjudicate alleged violations
 - If violation order is issued, RRC will collect penalties utilizing Rule 3.66's penalty classification table







CID/CIX 24-hour Outage Report Module User Tutorial

Mysti Doshier

October 2022















Outages Dashboard

Reporting a Facility Outage



Effective December 1, 2022, critical infrastructure facilities are required to report weather-related and major weather-related forced stoppages to the RRC as per Senate Bill 3 (16 Texas Administrative Code §3.66) from the 87th Texas Legislative Regular Session.

The notification is only required if the weather-related forced stoppage occurs during a weather emergency.

Important Terminology (1 of 3)



Weather-related forced stoppage

 An unanticipated and/or unplanned outage in the production, treating, processing, storage, or transportation of natural gas that is caused by weather conditions such as freezing temperatures, freezing precipitation, or extreme heat and occurs during a weather emergency.



Important Terminology (2 of 3)





Major weather-related forced stoppage

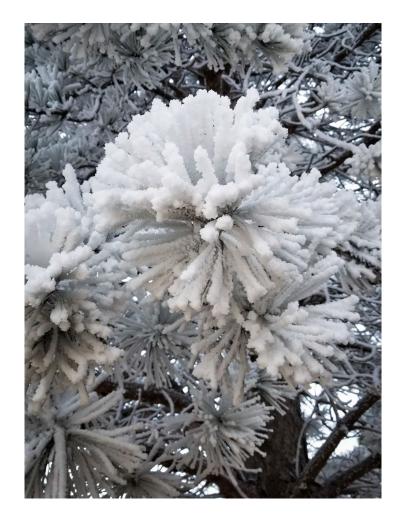
- A weather related-forced stoppage during a weather emergency that is the result of the deliberate disregard of this section or that results in:
 - A loss of production exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per oil lease;
 - A loss of production exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per gas well;
 - A loss of gas processing capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day;
 - A loss of storage withdrawal capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day; or
 - A loss of transportation capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day.

Important Terminology (3 of 3)



Weather emergency

Weather conditions such as freezing temperatures, freezing precipitation, or extreme heat in the facility's county or counties that result in an energy emergency as defined by §3.65 of this title. A weather emergency does not include weather conditions that cannot be reasonably mitigated, such as tornadoes, floods or hurricanes.



When to Take Action



Weather-related forced stoppage

 Notify the RRC using the Critical Infrastructure Division's notification online portal (RRC Online CID system account) if the stoppage is not resolved within 24 hours of discovery.

Major weather-related forced stoppage

- Call the Critical Infrastructure Division's 24-hour emergency line to notify the RRC of the stoppage within one hour of discovery of the stoppage.
- Then, submit online in the Critical Infrastructure Division's notification portal. (RRC Online CID system account)

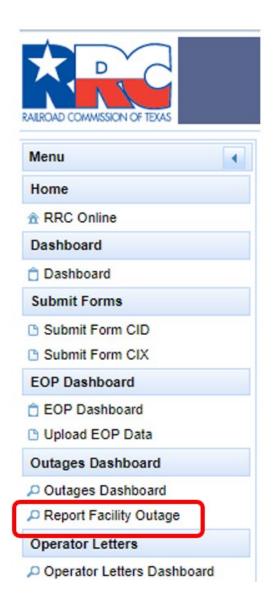
Outages Dashboard in the RRC Online System

- Log in to your RRC Online System account.
- User must have a SAD (Security Administrator Designation form)
- Click, "Critical Infrastructure Designation (CID/CIX)."
- Click, "Outages Dashboard" from the left-hand menu.
- The Outages Dashboard allows you to view, sort or edit outages you have reported. If you have not experienced/reported any outages, the Outage Dashboard will display, "No results found for search



Reporting an Outage (1 of 2)





- To report an outage, click, "Report Facility Outage" on the left-hand menu.
- This will take you to the "Report Outages Dashboard" where all your CID facilities are listed.

Reporting an Outage (2 of 2)



- Click the "Actions" button to the left of the Facility Id for which you need to report the outage/stoppage.
- Click, "Create Outage Report."
- **Note:** If you have multiple facilities that have experienced an outage/stoppage that requires you notify the RRC, you must submit separate outage reports for each facility.



Outage Information Page (1 of 6)



- Select your outage/stoppage reason from the drop-down menu.
- Indicate whether there is a third-party issue involved in the outage/stoppage.
- If so, provide a brief description.

- Outage Information	n
You may leave the Res	olution Date/Time empty if your outage is still in progress. You mus
Reason for Outage/Stoppage	Select Outage/Stoppage Reason
	Select Outage/Stoppage Reason
	Weather related forced stoppage
	Forced stoppage caused by a loss of electricity
Date Discovered:	Both of the Above - Weather and loss of Electricity



Outage Information Page (2 of 6)

• Provide the date and time the outage/stoppage was discovered.

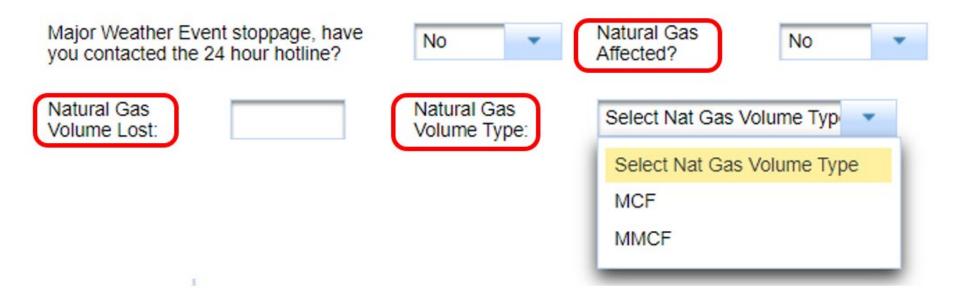
Date Discovered:	Time Discovered (24h):	Was this a major weather related forced	No	•	
Anticipated Recovery Time? (Hours)	Resolution Date?	stoppage? Resolution Time (24h)?			

- Indicate whether this is a major weather-related forced stoppage.
- If yes, also indicated whether you have contacted the 24-hour emergency line.

Was this a major weather related forced	Yes	-	Major Weather Event stoppage, have you contacted the 24 hour hotline?	Yes	
stoppage?					

Outage Information Page (3 of 6)

 Indicate whether natural gas has been affected and specify the volume of natural gas that has been lost.



Outage Information Page (4 of 6)

- Provide the following:
 - Anticipated Recovery Time
 - Resolution Date
 - Resolution time

Date Discovered:	Time Discovered (24h):	Was this a major weather related forced	Yes	-
Anticipated Recovery Time? (Hours)	Resolution Date?	stoppage? Resolution Time (24h)?		



Outage Information Page (5 of 6)



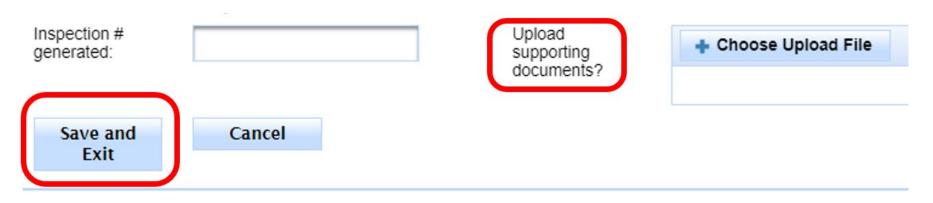
- Select the facility type and provide a brief description of the cause of the stoppage/outage.
- Use the text box to provide a description of your recovery plan.
- Note: The "Latitude" and "Longitude" fields will automatically populate the facility's coordinates and cannot be edited.

Facility Type	Select Facility Type	•	Latitude	Longitude
Brief description of ca	ause of Shutdown/Outage:			
2500 characters rem	naining.			
Recovery plan/plan t	to be back online:			

Outage Information Page (6 of 6)



- Upload any supporting documents you would like to submit with your outage report.
- Click "Save and Exit."
- Note: The "Inspection # generated" field is for RRC internal use.



Important: you must return to complete the report once the outage has been resolved.







Attestation Upload

Mysti Doshier

October 2022













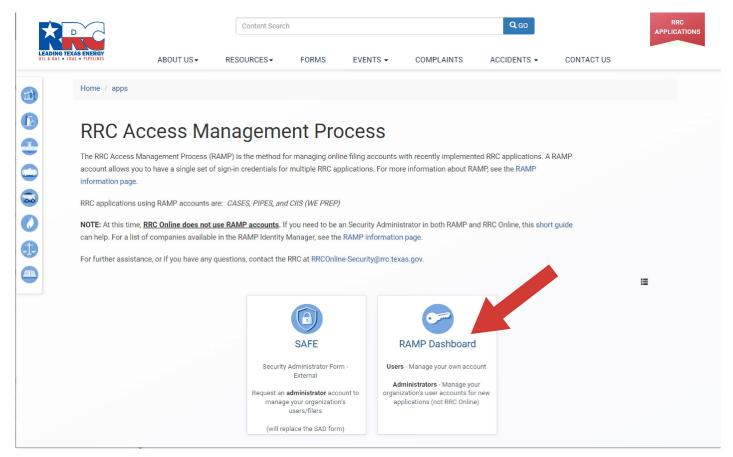
Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload



- The portal for attestation submissions will open on November 1, 2022. Once this becomes available, operators will have to request access to the WE PREP application through the RRC Access Management Process (RAMP) via the Security Administrator Form.
- RAMP Information: <u>https://www.rrc.texas.gov/forms/ramp-information/</u>
- Security Administrator Form Link: <u>https://myaccess.texas.gov/rrc/#/safe</u>
- RAMP Dashboard Link: <u>https://www.rrc.texas.gov/apps/rrc-ramp/</u>
- Once the access request is processed, operators will be able to access the WE PREP application through the RAMP Dashboard.
- After logging in, the operator will select "Upload Attestation" located under the WE PREP application. This will be the only option under the WE PREP application at that time.

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (2 of 9)

- To upload an attestation form, first go to the following website:
- RAMP Dashboard Link: https://www.rrc.texas.gov/apps/rrc-ramp/
 - Select Ramp Dashboard



Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (3 of 9)

 When you register with RRC you will get a User Name and Password, use this User Name and Password as your login credentials to sign in



RRC SIGN IN	RRC SIGN IN The RRC Sign In allows a forms and documents with
User Name	Railroad Commission of T
Password	ACCEPTABLE Unauthorized access to the liability will be provided to
SIGN IN	monitoring and stored dat consents to monitoring an provided by applicable pri
Forgot Password	acknowledgement of and

uthorized users to electronically file permit applications. and submit fees, penalties and other payments to the exas (RRC).

JSE POLICY

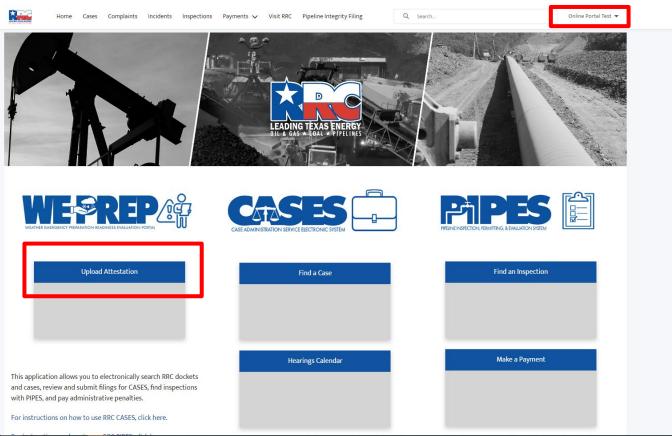
his computer system is prohibited. Evidence of criminal law enforcement agencies. This system is subject to ta may be accessed and recorded. Anyone using this system nd should have no expectation of privacy except as otherwise vacy laws. Use of this system indicates your consent to comply with the agency's security policies.

ACCESSIBILITY

The RRC is committed to making its website and applications accessible to all users. For more information on accessibility, reference the agency's Accessibility Policy

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (4 of 9)

- Your name will appear at the top of the page to let you know that you are logged in as an authenticated user
- Click "Upload Attestation"



Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (5 of 9)

- You will be taken to your Organization Page
- Click the "Upload Attestation" button at the top

Home Cases Complaints Incidents Insp	ections Payments 🗸 Visit RRC Pipeline Integrity Filing	Q Search	Online Portal Test 🔻
Account DUMMY ADMIN OWNED ACCOUNT		Upload Attestation Upload a PS-48	Fill Out PS-48 Online
Account Record Type Phone Mailing Address Organization 123 South Street Houston, TX 770 USA			
DETAILS RELATED		Chatter isn't enabled or the user doesn't have Cha	tter access.
✓ Organization Information			
Account Name DUMMY ADMIN OWNED ACCOUNT	Status		
24 Hour Phone	Account Record Type Organization		
Organization ID	Mailing Address 123 South Street Houston, TX 77059 USA		
	constant gan data @2022		
Region List	County		
T4 Permit List 24574674	District		
P5 Number 999999	Region ID		

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (6 of 9)

Na

- Fill out the "Covered Year" field
- Fill out any other information that is not already populated on the upload screen
- Click "Next"

Attestation Details		
This attestation Confidential		
overed Year		
2022		
achment Note		_
Please see our uploaded attestation form.		
		1.
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23 South Street		
		1
1	State/Province	

Upload Attestation

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (7 of 9)

- Click "Browse your device" to select your attestation form or drag and drop your file into the upload area
- Click "Upload"

Upload Attestation	Upload Attestation	
	ATTESTATION FORM.docx	×
Drag and drop files Browse your device		
Close Cancel Upload	Close Cancel Upload	

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (8 of 9)

• You have now successfully uploaded your Attestation Form for the year!

_		
Account DUMMY ADMIN OWNED ACCO	DUNT	Upload Attestation Upload a PS-48 Fill Out PS-48 Online
Account Record Type Phone Organization	Mailing Address Business Area P5 Number 123 South Street 999999 Houston, TX 77059 USA	
DETAILS RELATED		Chatter isn't enabled or the user doesn't have Chatter access.
		×
Organization Information	Upload Attestation	
24 Hour Phone	Your Attestation has been uploaded successfully and RRC has been notified.	
Organization ID		Finish
	USA COCETO Map data 62022	
Region List	County	
T4 Permit List 24574674	District	
P5 Number 999999	Region ID	

Critical Infrastructure Attestation Upload (9 of 9)

 To view your uploaded form, click the "Related" tab and select the record you uploaded in the Files & Correspondence related list

Account DUMMY ADMIN	OWNED ACCOUNT					Upload Attest	ation Uplo	ad a PS-48 Fill Out PS-	48 Online							
ccount Record Type rganization		Address Business th Street n, TX 77059		P5 Number 999999												
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Incidents (0)								File and Correspon	V Business Area or Divis V	Document T 🗸	/ File Name	✓ Party Su	↓ Delivery_ ↓	Confiden 🗸	Created Date	~
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Inspection Package	es (0)						7	FILECORR-245551	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation				\bigcirc	10/18/2022 11:48 AM	
							8	FILECORR-245555	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation					10/18/2022 11:54 AM	
Files & Correspond	ence (6+)						9	FILECORR-245561	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation	we prep-logo-1080.jpg				10/18/2022 1:08 PM	
ile and Correspondence ID	Business Area or Division	Document Type	File Name				10	FILECORR-245563	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation	TXRRC - CIIS - 3.66 Violation Letter Template v4.doc				10/18/2022 1:09 PM	
ILECORR-245377	Pipeline Safety	PS-48 Form			•		π	FILECORR-245564	Pipeline Safety	PS-48 Form					10/18/2022 1:10 PM	
ILECORR-245534	Pipeline Safety Pipeline Safety	PS-48 Form PS-48 Form					12	FILECORR-245566	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation					10/18/2022 1:13 PM	
ILECORR-245535	Pipeline Safety Critical Infrastructure	PS-48 Form Attestation			•		-	TH FCORD 344441	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation					10/18/2022 1:16 PM	
ILECORR-245545	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation			•		34	FILECORR-245568	Critical Infrastructure	Attestation	we-prep-logo-1080.jpg				10/18/2022 1:16 PM	
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Inspection Process – CID Regional Directors

Gilbert Herrera, Andrea Meyer, Jarrod Eberly, Jim Collins

October 2022









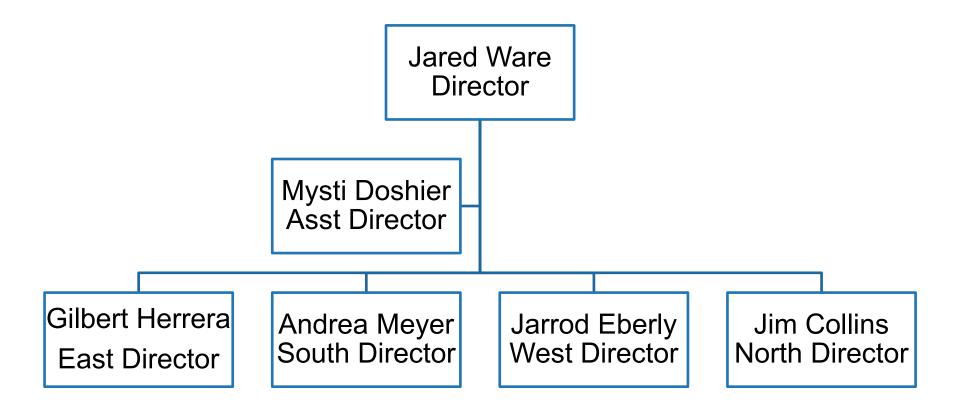




Inspection Process Agenda

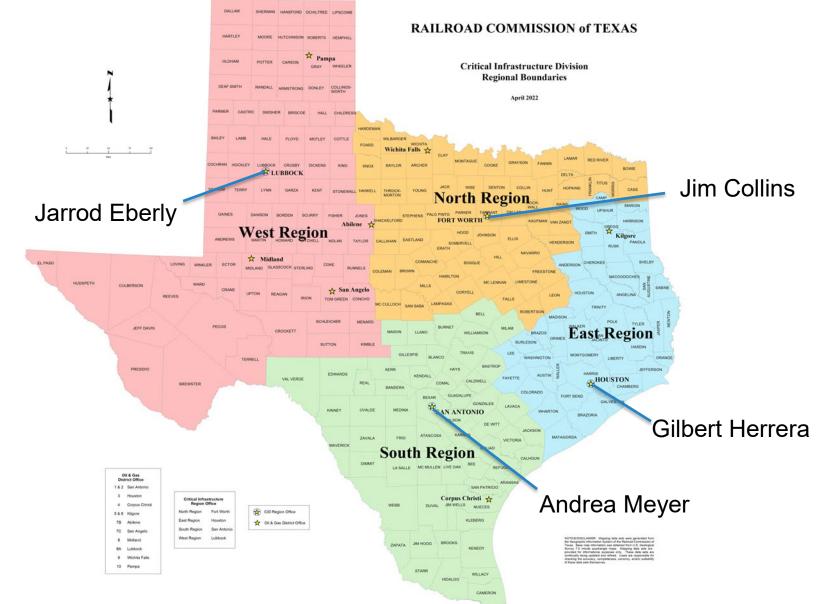
- Introductions
- What's happening now?
- i. Site Verifications
- What will be the inspection process?
- i. Who is going to be inspected?
- ii. Causes for inspection
- iii. Weather emergency and notification
- iv. Readiness Attestation
- v. Common methods





CID – Regional Map







Gilbert Herrera – East Region

- gilbert.herrera@rrc.texas.gov
- 737-288-1507

Jim Collins – North Region

- jim.collins@rrc.texas.gov
- 512-964-0174

Jarrod Eberly – West Region

- jarrod.eberly@rrc.texas.gov
- 512-463-6737

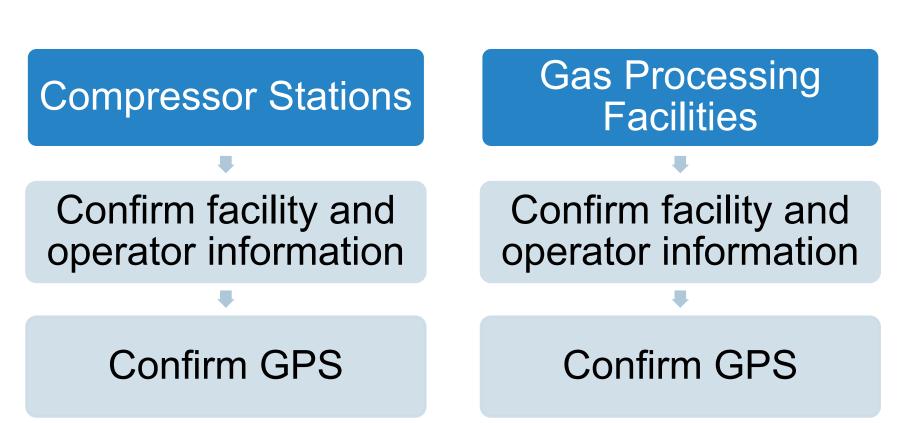
Andrea Meyer – South Region

- andrea.meyer@rrc.texas.gov
- 325-277-2959



WHAT'S HAPPENING NOW?





This may lead to other facilities being verified



- We are contacting operators to schedule meetings at the location.
- This helps us verify the location GPS that was provided and the facility name
- We are making sure that the information that we have is accurate to make it easier for the operators and our inspectors

Site Verifications (3 of 3)



- Site verification visits are NOT an inspection
- No photos will be taken inside facilities
- All midstream facility visits **must** be coordinated with operators and our inspectors need to be accompanied by operator personnel
- For upstream facilities, it is **preferred but not required** that inspectors be accompanied by lease personnel.
- Appropriate time will be given to operators to respond and schedule these visits



What will be the inspection process?

3.66 Applicability



Facilities required to comply with 3.66

Gas supply chain facility

Designated critical by 3.65

On the electricity supply chain map



Directly serves a natural gas electric generation facility

 Facility provides power to the electric grid

On the electricity supply chain map

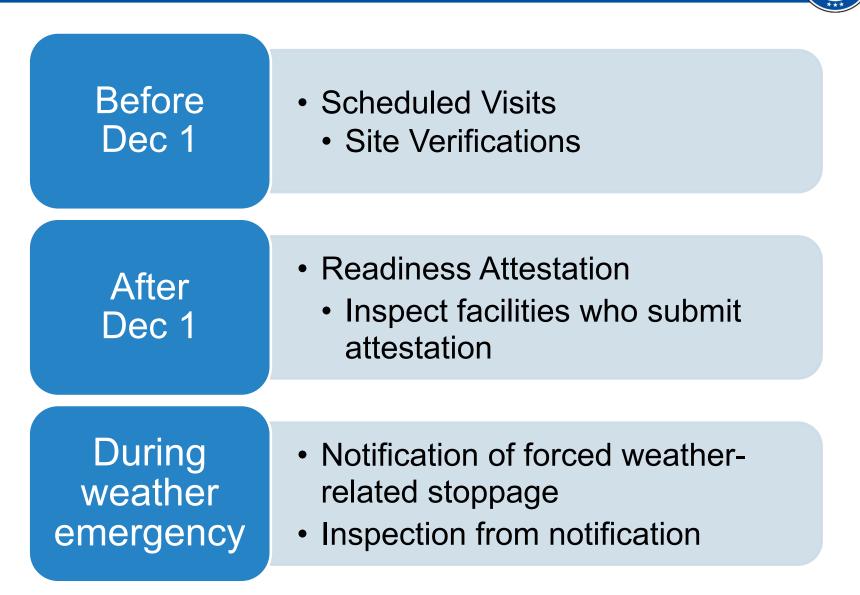


An inspection will originate from one of two places.

- A regular inspection conducted in accordance with the Commission's inspection schedule

 Any facility required to comply with 3.66
- An inspection scheduled in response to a weather-related stoppage notification

 Any facility required to comply with 3.66



Weather Emergency Readiness (1 of 2)

Attestation – December 1 each year

- Confirmation that weather emergency preparation measures were implemented
 - Training on weather emergency preparation and operations
 - Consideration of the risk and protection to HSE
 - Weatherization of facilities
 - Critical components are listed and weatherization protection for the components is described
 - Describe corrective actions taken to mitigate known weather-related forced stoppages
 - Due to previous weather emergencies

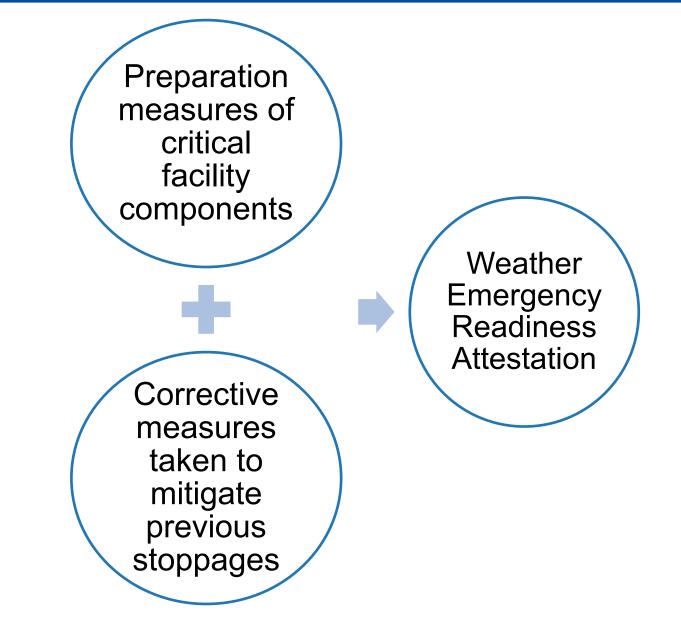
Weather Emergency Readiness (2 of 2)

Attestation will also confirm the following

- Confirmation that information and statements are true, correct, and complete
- Confirmation of responsibility and authorization

Attestation (1 of 2)





Attestation (2 of 2)



RRC inspectors will use this information when inspecting facilities subject to §3.66

Inspector should be able to identify which weatherization methods apply to which facility

One attestation may be submitted per operator

- Facilities may be grouped together
 - Similar weatherization measures were implemented
- An operator may also list individual facilities
 - Specific weatherization techniques for a facility differ from general techniques of that type of facility for the operator

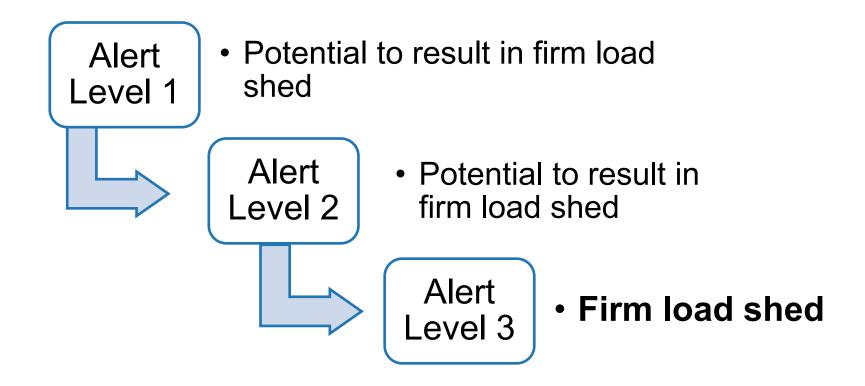
Weather Emergency



Weather Emergency – weather conditions that result in an **Energy Emergency** Freezing Temperatures Results in Does not Freezing include an Energy certain precipitation Emergency storms Extreme Heat



Energy Emergency – ERCOT has issued an EEA 1 or higher





The safety of employees

Safe operation in "sustained operation"

By December 1st of each year, implement weather emergency preparation measures

- Ensure the sustained operation of a gas supply chain facility or a gas pipeline facility during a weather emergency
- Correct known weather-related forced stoppages that prevented sustained operation due to previous weather emergencies



- Consideration of the risk to the health and safety of employees and protection of the environment.
- Providing training on weather emergency preparations and operations to relevant operational personnel
- Weatherization of the facility

Weather Emergency Preparedness (4 of 5)



- Weatherization includes:
 - Correcting critical component failures
 - Installing equipment to mitigate weatherrelated operational risks
 - Implementation of processes to identify, test, and protect critical components.

Weather Emergency Preparedness (5 of 5)

- Weatherization of the facility shall be based on:
 - The type of facility
 - Facility's critical components
 - Facility's location
 - Facility's age
 - Weather data (facility's county or counties)



Some facility observations that inspectors may look for:

- Onsite fuel/spare parts
- Wind breaks or temporary enclosures
- Enclosing sensors
- Thermal insulation/heat tracing devices
- Monitoring devices for cold weather critical components

Weatherization Methods (2 of 2)



- Chemical injection systems (lower freeze point)
- Equipment to remove, store, or dispose of liquids susceptible to freezing
- Nitrogen in closed loop systems instrument controls
- Availability and inventory of road/ground material
- Procurement of necessary third-party services
- Operating procedures during extreme weather conditions

Weatherization of Critical Components



A few common weatherization methods that we can visually see are:

- Methanol injection/drip
- Water removal solid absorption
- Thermal insulation
- Wind breaks
- Heating devices
- Glycol unit
- Drip pots

Dead Legs (1 of 3)



Dead legs – sections of piping where fluid flow is stagnant

Permanent

- Part of original design
- Could be due to a modification

Operational

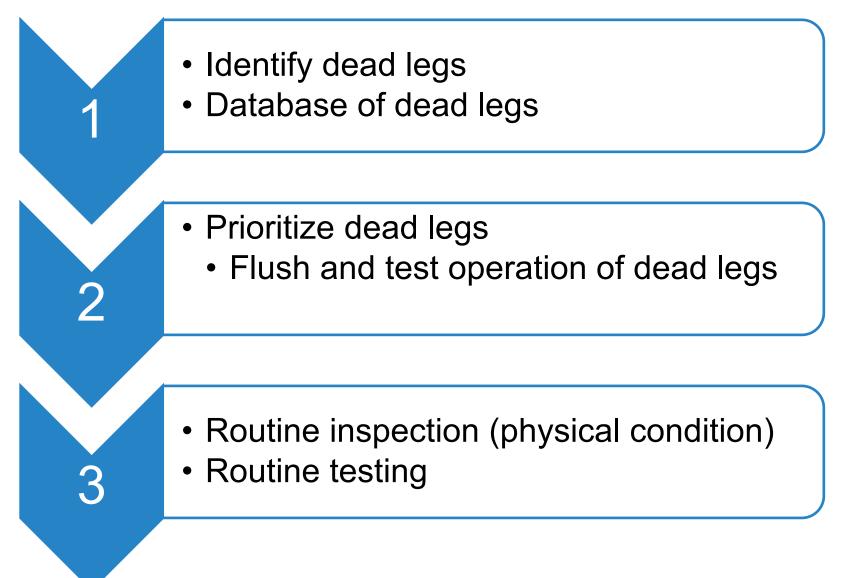
- On/Off
- Spare Pump, pass line, relief valve (in/out)
- Start Up/Shut Down operations

Temporary

- Equipment temporarily removed
- Deactivation
- Storing
- Preservation

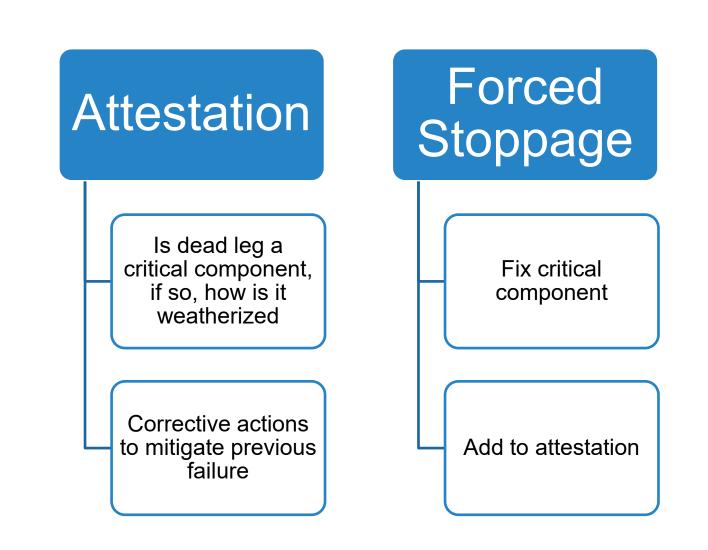
Dead Legs (2 of 3)





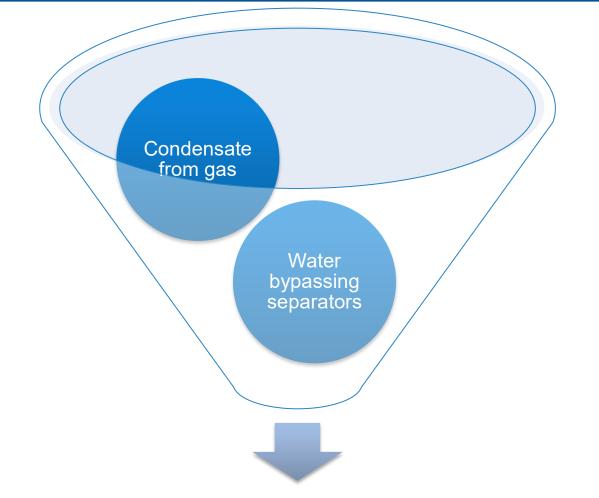
Dead Legs (3 of 3)





Low Point Drains (1 of 2)





Capture and remove from pipe Drains at a low point within the gas gathering system

Low Point Drains (2 of 2)



Attestation

Is drain critical component, or weatherized method

Is this a way to implement a corrective action to mitigate a previous failure

Forced Stoppage

Did drain fail or is drain used to fix critical component

Add to attestation

Gas supply chain facility or gas pipeline facility

- If a facility experiences a weather-related forced stoppage in sustained operations during a weather emergency
 - Notify the Commission of the stoppage if the stoppage is not resolved within 24 hours of discovery
 - Only required if stoppage occurs during a weather emergency

A facility is a gas supply chain facility or a gas pipeline facility regulated under 3.66.

- Production
- Treating
- Processing
- Storage
- Transportation

Violation of 3.66 - Stoppage



Was the related forced stoppage due to the operator's failure to implement measures to prepare to operate in a weather emergency?

- No weather-related forced stoppage was unrelated to the requirements of 3.66 – no violation will be issued
 - Inspection of facility
- Yes measures to prepare to operate in a weather emergency as specified in 3.66 were not implemented – possible violation

We will not require a facility to operate. But require an operator to implement measures to prepare to operate in a weather emergency.

Major and Repeated Stoppage (1 of 2)



Major weather-related forced stoppage:

A weather-related forced stoppage during a weather emergency that is the **result of the deliberate disregard of this section or that results in**:

- (A) a loss of production exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per oil lease;
- (B) a loss of production exceeding 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day per gas well;
- (C) a loss of gas processing capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day;
- (D) a loss of storage withdrawal capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day; or
- (E) a loss of transportation capacity exceeding 200 MMcf per day.



Repeated weather-related forced stoppage

• More than one weather-related forced stoppage violation within a 12-month period



If there is a violation of 3.66 and the violation is not remedied with a reasonable amount of time

• The Commission is required to notify the Office of the Attorney General of Texas

Enforcement of Violations (2 of 2)



Classification system for the range of penalties

- Factors include nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of a prohibited act; the hazard or potential hazard created to the public's health, safety, or economic welfare; the history of previous violations; the amount necessary to deter future violations; and efforts to correct the violation.
- Factor value depends on the amount of natural gas impacted by the violation
 - Class A violation is the highest class of violations and is eligible for a penalty of \$5,000 to \$1,000,000.
 - Class B up to \$5,000, Class C up to \$4,000, Class D up to \$3,000
 - Points range for each class can be found in 3.66



Now to December 1 – Site verifications/Site observations

December 1 – Inspections related to operator attestations

Forced Stoppage – Inspect facility once RRC is notified of forced stoppage

- Weather-related forced stoppage
- Major weather-related forced stoppage
- Repeated weather-related forced stoppage